

- 1.21 Bromine is a reddish-brown liquid. Calculate its density (in g/mL) if 586 g of the substance occupies 188 mL.

$$\text{density} = \boxed{3.12 \text{ g/mL}}$$

- 1.22 The density of ethanol, a colorless liquid that is commonly known as grain alcohol, is 0.798 g/mL. Calculate the mass of 17.4 mL of the liquid.

$$\text{mass of ethanol} = \boxed{13.9 \text{ g}}$$

- 1.35 Carry out the following operations and express each answer with the correct units and with the correct number of digits. (Remember: Keep the least number of decimal places for addition and subtraction and keep the least number of significant figures for multiplication and division.)

(a) $5.6792 \text{ m} + 0.6 \text{ m} + 4.33 \text{ m} = \boxed{10.6 \text{ m}}$

(b) $3.70 \text{ g} - 2.9133 \text{ g} = \boxed{0.79 \text{ g}}$

(c) $(4.51 \text{ cm})(3.6666 \text{ cm}) = \boxed{16.5 \text{ cm}}$

(d) $(0.00005 \text{ cm})(538 \text{ cm}^2) = \boxed{0.03 \text{ cm}^3}$

- 1.36 Carry out the following operations and express each answer with the correct units and with the correct number of digits. (Again-- Keep the least number of decimal places for addition and subtraction and keep the least number of significant figures for multiplication and division.)

(a) $\frac{7.310 \text{ km}}{5.70 \text{ km}} = \boxed{1.28}$

(b) $0.00326 \text{ mg} - 0.0000788 \text{ mg} = \boxed{0.00318 \text{ mg} = 3.18 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mg}}$

(c) $(0.402 \times 10^7 \text{ dm}) + (7.74 \times 10^7 \text{ dm}) = \boxed{8.14 \times 10^7 \text{ dm}}$

(d) $(220 \text{ cm})(34.0 \text{ cm})(0.0456 \text{ cm}) = 341.088 \text{ cm}^3 = \boxed{340 \text{ cm}^3}$

(e) $\frac{(3.54 \text{ m} - 0.14 \text{ m})}{28.2 \text{ s}} = \frac{3.40 \text{ m}}{28.2 \text{ s}} = 0.12057 \text{ m/s} = \boxed{0.121 \text{ m/s}}$

- 1.37 Carry out the following conversions:

(a) $22.6 \text{ m} = ? \text{ dm} \quad \boxed{226 \text{ dm}}$

(b) $25.4 \text{ mg} = ? \text{ Kg} \quad \boxed{2.54 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg}}$

(c) $556 \text{ mL} = ? \text{ L} \quad \boxed{0.556 \text{ L}}$

(d) $10.6 \text{ kg/m}^3 = ? \text{ g/cm}^3 \quad \boxed{0.0106 \text{ g/cm}^3}$

- 1.39 The average speed of helium at 25°C is 1255 m/s. Convert this speed to miles per hour.

Helpful info: 1 mile = 1609 m

$$\boxed{2808 \text{ mi/hr}}$$

1.41 How many minutes does it take for light to travel from the sun to the Earth?

Helpful info: The distance from the sun to Earth is 93 million miles (93×10^6 mi).

The speed of light = 3.00×10^8 m/s; 1 mile = 1609 m

8.3 min

1.49 Aluminum is a lightweight metal (density = 2.70 g/cm^3) used in aircraft construction, high-voltage transmission lines, beverage cans and foils. What is its density in kg/m^3 ?

$2.70 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$

1.54 In determining the density of a rectangular metal bar, a student made the following measurements: length = 8.53 cm; width = 2.4 cm; height = 1.0 cm; mass = 52.7064 g. Calculate the density of the metal to the correct number of significant figures.

2.6 g/cm^3

1.79 Chalcopyrite, the principal ore of copper (Cu), contains 34.63 percent Cu by mass. How many grams of Cu can be obtained from 5.11×10^3 kg of the ore?

Hint: "34.63 percent Cu by mass" means that there are 34.63 kg of Cu in 100 kg of ore.

$1.77 \times 10^6 \text{ g Cu}$

1.81 A 1.0 mL volume of seawater contains about 4.0×10^{-12} g of gold. The total volume of ocean water is 1.5×10^{21} L. Calculate the total amount of gold (in grams) that is present in seawater, and the worth of the gold in dollars.

Assume gold costs \$1300 per ounce (This was the price of gold in June 2019).

1 lb = 453.6 g; 1 lb = 16 oz

$6.0 \times 10^{12} \text{ g Au}$

$\$2.8 \times 10^{14} = 280$ trillion dollars!!

1.83 The thin outer layer of Earth, called the crust, contains only 0.50 % of Earth's total mass and yet it is the source of almost all of the elements found on Earth. Silicon (Si) is the second most abundant element in Earth's crust (27.2 % by mass). Calculate the mass of silicon (in kg) in Earth's crust.

The mass of Earth is 5.9×10^{21} tons. 1 ton = 2000 lbs; 1 kg = 2.205 lbs

mass of Si in crust = $7.3 \times 10^{21} \text{ kg Si}$

1.85 One gallon of gasoline in an automobile's engine produces on the average 9.5 kg of CO_2 , which is a greenhouse gas. (It promotes the warming of Earth's atmosphere) Calculate the annual production of CO_2 (in kg) if there are 40 million cars in the United States and each car covers a distance of 5000 miles at a consumption rate of 20 miles per gallon.

$9.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ kg CO}_2$