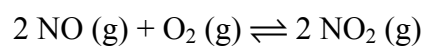


Questions taken from textbook pgs. 568 & 586

- 1) Name three ways that the chemical equilibrium can be disturbed.
- 2) Predict the effect that decreasing the pressure (increasing volume) would have on each of the following reaction systems at equilibrium:
- a) $\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{HCl}(\text{g})$
- b) $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}(\text{s}) \rightleftharpoons \text{NH}_3(\text{g}) + \text{HCl}(\text{g})$
- c) $2 \text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{aq}) \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g})$
- d) $3 \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{O}_3(\text{g})$
- 3) When solid carbon reacts with oxygen gas to form carbon dioxide, 393.51 kJ of heat are released. Does this reaction become more or less favorable as the temperature decreases? Explain.
- 4) Predict whether each of the following stresses to the indicated reaction in equilibrium will favor the forward or reverse reaction. How will $[\text{N}_2\text{O}_5]$ and K_{eq} be affected?
- $4 \text{NO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{N}_2\text{O}_5(\text{g}) + 113 \text{kJ}$
- a) addition of O_2
- b) removal of N_2O_5
- c) increased pressure
- d) decreased temperature
- e) removal of NO_2
- f) decreased pressure
- g) addition of a catalyst
- h) increased temperature
- i) decreased system volume

5) For the following reaction, would an increase or a decrease in pressure favor the forward reaction?



6) Explain the effect of a catalyst on an equilibrium system.

7) What relative pressure (high or low) would result in production of the maximum level of CO_2 according to the following? Explain.

